## **WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:**

1. A method for determination of a pipette tip's condition, comprising:

acquiring a pipette tip with the nozzle;

measuring pressure in a nozzle;

determining whether said pressure in the nozzle changes upon acquisition of the pipette tip; and

ascertaining the condition of the acquired pipette tip based on the change in air pressure.

- 2. The method according to claim 1, wherein the ascertaining comprises: determining that an acquired pipette tip is defective if said air pressure remains substantially constant during acquisition of said acquired pipette tip.
  - 3. The method according to claim 2, further comprising: discarding the defective acquired pipette tip.
- 4. The method according to claim 1, wherein the ascertaining comprises:

  determining that a pipette tip is non-defective if there is a change in air

  pressure during acquisition of said acquired pipette tip.
- 5. The method according to claim 4, wherein the ascertaining comprises: determining that the acquired pipette tip is non-defective if there is a positive change in air pressure.

- 6. The method according to claim 4, further comprising: discarding the non defective pipette tip after use of the pipette tip.
- 7. A method for determination of a pipette tip's condition, comprising: measuring pressure in a nozzle; acquiring a pipette tip with the nozzle;

determining a maximum air pressure in the nozzle upon acquisition of the pipette tip; and

ascertaining the acquired pipette tip's condition based on the rate of change in air pressure after the maximum air pressure was reached.

- 8. The method according to claim 7, wherein the ascertaining comprises: determining the rate of change of air pressure for a known non-defective acquired pipette tip.
- 9. The method according to claim 8, wherein the ascertaining comprises:

  determining a defective pipette tip if the rate of change of air pressure is less
  than the rate of change of air pressure for the known non-defective pipette tips.
  - 10. The method according to claim 8, wherein the ascertaining comprises: determining a non-defective pipette tip if the rate of change is equal to or

greater than the rate of change for the known non-defective pipette tip.

11. A method for discarding a non-defective pipette tip, comprising: controlling an ejection assembly to engage said pipette tip from said nozzle; creating an air flow in said nozzle;

determining whether said air flow causes a change in pressure in said nozzle; and

if said determining determines that substantially no pressure change has occurred ascertaining that the non-defective pipette tip has not been discarded.

12. The method according to claim 11, further comprising:

if said determining determines that a substantial pressure change has occurred ascertaining that the non-defective pipette tip has been discarded.

- 13. A system for determination of a condition of a pipette tip, comprising: an air pump in communication with a nozzle; and a pressure transducer, adapted to measure a change in air pressure in the nozzle as a pipette tip is acquired by the nozzle.
  - 14. The system according to claim 13, further comprising:

a processor adapted to determine that an acquired pipette tip is defective if said air pressure remains substantially constant during acquisition of said acquired pipette tip.

- 15. The system according to claim 13, further comprising:
- a processor adapted to determine that a pipette tip is non-defective if there is a change in air pressure during acquisition of said acquired pipette tip.
  - 16. The system according to claim 13, further comprising:
- a processor adapted to control an ejection assembly to eject the pipette tip from the nozzle.
  - 17. A system for discarding a non-defective pipette tip, comprising: an air pump with a nozzle;
- a pressure transducer, adapted to measure a change in air pressure in the nozzle as the pipette tip is acquired by the nozzle; and
  - an ejection assembly adapted to eject a non-defective pipette tip.
  - 18. The system according to claim 17, further comprising:
- a processor adapted to control the ejection assembly to eject said non-defective pipette tip from the nozzle.

19. A method for detecting a level of liquid in a container using a pipette tip, comprising:

moving the pipette tip toward the liquid in the container without aspirating through said pipette tip while detecting for a change in air pressure in said pipette tip; and

ascertaining that the pipette tip has entered the fluid holding container when said change in air pressure is detected.

20. A system for detecting a level of fluid in a container using a pipette tip, comprising:

an air pump in communication with a nozzle; and

a pressure transducer, adapted to measure a change in air pressure in the nozzle as the pipette tip is inserted into the fluid holding container.

21. The system according to claim 20, further comprising:

a processor for ascertaining that the pipette tip has entered the fluid holding container when said change in air pressure is detected.